

Amendments To The Claims:

1-32. (Canceled)

33. (Original) A method of coating at least one surface of a medical device, said method comprises the steps of:

- a) applying a mixture to said at least one surface of said medical device, said mixture comprising at least one lubricious polymer and at least one polymer which is crosslinkable by an oxygen-insensitive non-cationic mechanism; and
- b) exposing said coating to ultraviolet radiation.

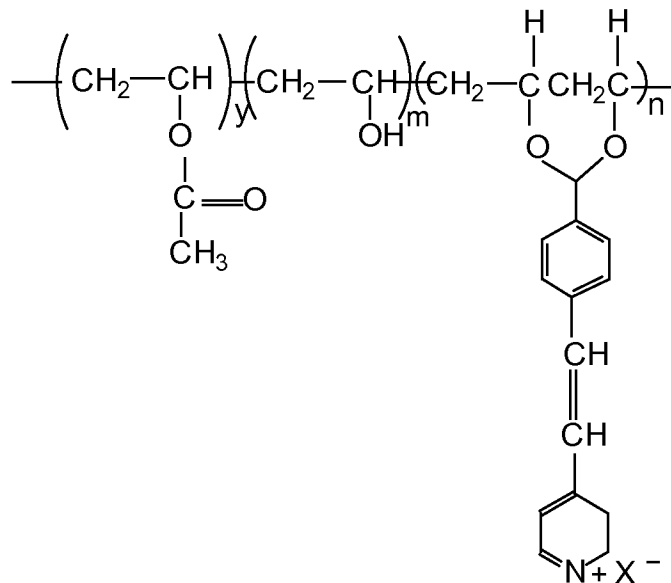
34. (Original) The method of claim 33 wherein said mixture is applied out of solvent.

35. (Original) The method of claim 33 wherein said mixture is applied to said surface of said medical device by spraying, dipping, painting or coextruding.

36. (Original) The method of claim 34 wherein said mixture is present at a concentration of about 1 wt-% to about 5 wt-% solids.

37. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 33 wherein said at least one polymer which is crosslinkable by an oxygen-insensitive non-cationic mechanism comprises styrylpyridinium groups.

38. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 33 wherein said at least one polymer which is crosslinkable by an oxygen-insensitive non-cationic mechanism has the following general structure:



wherein y , m and n are positive numbers and X is an anion.

39. (Original) The method of claim 33 wherein said lubricious polymer comprises at least one member selected from the group consisting of comprises at least one member selected from the group consisting of but are not limited to, poly(acrylic acid), poly(methacrylic acid), polyurethanes, polyethylene oxide, poly(N-isopropylacrylamide), or polymers of hydroxyl-substituted lower alkyl acrylates, methacrylates, acrylamide, methacrylamide, lower allylacrylamides and methacrylamides, hydroxyl-substituted lower alkyl vinyl ethers, sodium vinylsulfonate, sodium styrenesulfonate, 2-acrylamido-2-methylpropanesulfonic acid, N-vinylpyrrole, N-vinyl-2-pyrrolidone, 2-vinylloxazoline, 2-vinyl-4,4'-dialkylloxazolin-5-one, 2- and 4-vinylpyridine, vinylically unsaturated carboxylic acids having a total of 3 to 5 carbon atoms, amino-lower alkyl (where the term "amino" also includes quaternary ammonium), mono-lower alkylamino-lower alkyl and di-lower alkylamino-lower alkyl acrylates and methacrylates, allyl alcohol and mixtures thereof.

40. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 39 wherein said at least one lubricious polymer is polyethylene oxide.

41. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 39 wherein said at least one lubricious polymer is a polyurethane or a blend of polyurethanes.

42. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 41 wherein said at least one lubricious polymer is an aliphatic polyether polyurethane.

43. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42 wherein said aliphatic polyether polyurethane is a hydrophilic aliphatic polyether polyurethane, said aliphatic polyether polyurethane is capable of absorbing about 500% to about 2000% water by weight.